O Level A Maths

Tutorial 13: Integration

Syllabus:

• Integration as the reverse of differentiation

• Integration of x^n for any rational n, $\sin x$, $\cos x$, $\sec^2 x$ and e^x , together with constant multiples, sums and differences

1. Using the idea that integration is the opposite of differentiation, fund the results of integrating the following functions:

- (a) 1
- (b) x^2 (c) x^n

(d) sin x

- (e) $\cos x$ (f) $\sec^2 x$
- (g) e^x
- (h) $2x^2 + x^3$

- (i) $\sin 3x$ (j) e^{-2x}
- (k) $x^2 + \sin 3x$ (l) 1/x

• Integration of $(ax+b)^n$ for any rational n, $\sin(ax+b)$, $\cos(ax+b)$ and e^{ax+b}

2. (a) $(2x+3)^4$

- (b) $\sin (2x + \pi/6)$
- (c) $\cos (3x + \pi/3)$
- (d) e^{3x+2}